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Bachelor of Computer Application (BCA) Examination IV Semester (Autonomous)

Digital Computer Organisation

May 2009

Time:3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 50

All questions are compulsory. Note-

- 1. (a) Which microprocessor is used in PC/XT, PC/AT and Super micro computer also explain them.
 - (b) Show that the memory addressing capability of a CPU is equal to 2ⁿ bytes. Where n is the number of address lines of the CPU.
 - Explain the terms: MIPS, MFLOPS, LIPS, Dhrystone and Whetstone.

OR

- Explain Primary memory, Secondary memory and cache memory. (a) What type of memory devices are used in each of these categories of memory.
- Discuss the important features of micro, mini, mainframe and super (b) computers.
- Discuss the Operating Principle of a raster scan CRT. 2. (a)
 - What is scanner? What are different types of scanner? Discuss (b) working principle of a scanner.

OR

- Differentiate between Impact Printer and Non-impact Printers with (a) examples.
- What is the function of a hard disk controller, floppy disk controller (b) and dot matrix printer controllers? Explain.
- Describe the construction and working principle of hard disks. What 3. (a) do you understand by head crash? What is Parking Zone?
 - Explain the architecture and working principle of CD-ROM. (b)

OR

Write short notes on the following-

- (i) Memory management unit.
- (ii) Working Principle of floppy disk.

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- (a) What is computer network? Discuss the main components of a Computer Network.
 - (b) If a binary signal is sent OVER a 3-KHz channel, Whose signal-toroise ratio is 20 dB, determine the maximum achievable data rate.

OR

- (a) Distinguish among Distributed systems, Network and parallel systems.
- (b) What is spooling? What are the main advantages of spooling?
- 5. (a) Distinguish between programs controlled and interrupt controlled information transfer.
 - (b) What is the difference between isolated I/O and memory mapped?
 I/O? What are the advantages and disadvantages of each?

OR

Write short notes on-

- (i) Virtual addressing schemes.
- (ii) Cycle stealing and Burst mode of data transfer.

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